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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/583,635	06/20/2006	Rafael Shapiro	· BA9327 US PCT	3586	
	7590 01/11/2008 DE NEMOURS AND CO	EXAMINER			
LEGAL PATENT RECORDS CENTER BARLEY MILL PLAZA 25/1122B 4417 LANCASTER PIKE			ROBINSON, BINTA M		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WILMINGTO	WILMINGTON, DE 19805			1625	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
	•		01/11/2008	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

PTO-Legal.PRC@usa.dupont.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/583,635	SHAPIRO, RAFAEL				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
·	Binta M. Robinson	1625				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
,_	·					
	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
· <u> </u>	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	r election requirement					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)	•					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>12/26/06</u> . 6) Other:						

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Detailed Action

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for the process in which the sodium nitrite salt is used as a reagent as well and n-BuCl as an organic solvent as well as CuO in which 100% of the Cu is in the (II) oxidation state, is used as a catalyst, to produce 2,3dichloropyridine, does not provide enablement for using all nitrite salts, or copper catalysts, where at least 50% but less than 100% of the copper is in the copper oxidation (II) state, or all organic solvents in the process and does not enable a process wherein no organic solvent is used in step 3 of the reaction. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art of synthetic organic chemistry to make the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. "The factors to be considered [in making an enablement rejection] have been summarized as a) the quantity of experimentation necessary, b) the amount of direction or guidance presented, c) the presence or absence of working examples, d) the nature of the invention, e) the Art Unit: 1625

state of the prior art, f) the relative skill of those in that art, g) the predictability or unpredictability of the art, h) and the breadth of the claims". In re Rainer, 146 USPQ 218 (1965); In re Colianni, 195 USPQ 150. Ex parte Formal, 230 USPQ 546. In the present case, leading conclusion of undue the factors to а important experimentation are the absence of working examples of the claimed process using any other organic solvents or nitrite salts other than those claimed above, or using no organic solvent as well the absence of working examples using copper catalysts, where at least 50% but less than 100% of the copper is in the copper oxidation (II) state.

c) There is no working example of any other nitrite salt other than sodium nitrite or organic solvents other than n-BuCl that are used. There is also no working example of a process in which no organic solvent is used. There is also no working example in which copper catalysts, where at least 50% but less than 100% of the copper is in the copper oxidation (II) state is used. The only working example is that of example 1 on page 15. Yet, the claims are drawn to a process of preparing 2,3-dichloropyridine 1, using any nitrite salt and optionally any organic solvent, done in the presence of a copper

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catalyst wherein at least about 50% of the copper is the copper (II) oxidation state. There is no evidence that the claimed process can produce high yield and highly pure products with any nitrite salt or any organic solvent, or in the absence of an organic solvent, or with any copper catalyst wherein at least about 50% of the copper is the copper (II) oxidation state.

g) In the absence of experimentation, one cannot predict the yield and purity of the instant process. h) The breadth of the claims includes the instant process for preparing 2,3-dichloropyridine using any nitrite salt or optionally any organic solvent occurring in the presence of any copper catalyst wherein at least about 50% of the copper is in the copper (II) oxidation state.

MPEP 2164.01(a) states, "A conclusion of lack of enablement means that, based on the evidence regarding each of the above factors, the specification, at the time the application was filed, would not have taught one skilled in the art how to make and/or use the full scope of the claimed invention without undue experimentation. *In re Wright*, 999 F.2d 1557,1562, 27 USPQ2d 1510, 1513 (Fed. Cir.

1993)." That conclusion is clearly justified here. Thus, undue experimentation will be required to practice Applicants' invention.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Binta M. Robinson whose telephone number is (571) 272-0692. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (9:30-6:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dr. Janet Andres can be reached on 571-272-0670.

A facsimile center has been established. The hours of operation are Monday through Friday, 8:45 AM to 4:45 PM. The Telecopier numbers for accessing the facsimile machine are (703)308-4242, (703)-305-3592, and (703)305-4014.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (571)272-1600.

JÁNEŤ L. ANDREŚ SUPERVISORY PATENT